

Wes Moore, Governor
Aruna Miller, Lt. Governor
Josh Kurtz, Secretary
David Goshorn, Deputy Secretary

March 21, 2024

BILL NUMBER: Senate Bill 281 – Third Reader

SHORT TITLE: Natural Resources - Submerged Aquatic Vegetation - Alteration or Removal

Requirements

**DEPARTMENT'S POSITION: SUPPORT** 

## **EXPLANATION OF DEPARTMENT'S POSITION**

The Department supports the alteration of submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) removal requirements in Maryland's tidal waters. Currently, there is no documentation on the impacts of SAV removal for boating access. Requiring notification, rather than in current law where it is encouraged, will allow documentation on how, where, and when SAV removal is occurring, minimizing the loss of benefits to crucial living and coastal resources that rely on SAV for habitat, food, and other essential ecosystem services.

Additionally, the Department supports reducing the width from 60 feet to 20 feet for when the SAV may be removed without the approval of the Department. This only applies to public utilities, telecommunications, marinas, and property owners seeking ample access to a navigable channel. Lowering this threshold will better align it with other boating access and navigation practices as well as continue to ensure that the Department has better information on SAV removal.

## BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) is a critical measure of Chesapeake Bay health and an important indicator in setting and evaluating progress for Maryland's restoration goals and water clarity attainment. Currently, SAV abundance in Maryland's portion of the Chesapeake Bay is 33% of historical levels. Within Maryland's Coastal Bays, SAV is only 24% of historic levels.

Both underwater grasses and macroalgae provide critical habitat and food for recreationally and commercially important species, like blue crabs, fish, and waterfowl. Underwater grasses also add oxygen to the water, absorb nutrients, sequester carbon, trap sediments, and reduce shoreline erosion. Because they respond quickly to improvements in water quality, underwater grasses are critical measures of progress towards the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement and the Chesapeake Bay Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL).

## **BILL EXPLANATION**

This bill makes changes to the rules regarding the removal of submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) in the tidal waters of Maryland. It now requires, instead of just suggesting, that people notify the Department before removing SAV for boating access. The exemptions for property and marina access are also changed so that they apply to the tidal waters of the State (including the Atlantic Coastal Bays) and only allow trimming or cutting of SAV, not harvesting, cutting, or completely removing the SAV. The bill also reduces the affected width of SAV disturbance from 60 feet to 20 feet, which is in line with other boating access and navigation practices.