

Member Agencies:

Anne Arundel County Food Bank
Baltimore Jewish Council
Behavioral Health System Baltimore
CASH Campaign of Maryland
Energy Advocates
Episcopal Diocese of Maryland
Family League of Baltimore
Fuel Fund of Maryland
Job Opportunities Task Force
Laurel Advocacy & Referral Services,
Inc.

League of Women Voters of Maryland
Loyola University Maryland
Maryland Center on Economic Policy
Maryland Community Action
Partnership
Maryland Family Network
Maryland Food Bank
Maryland Hunger Solutions
Paul's Place
St. Vincent de Paul of Baltimore

Marylanders Against Poverty

Welfare Advocates

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TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB 728

Health Insurance – Qualified Resident Enrollment Program (Access to Care Act)

Health and Government Operations February 8, 2024 1pm

Submitted by Mark Huffman, Co-Chair

Marylanders Against Poverty (MAP) strongly supports HB 728, which addresses critical health disparities faced by the immigrant community in Maryland by expanding the Affordable Care Act to all Marylanders, regardless of their immigration status.

HB 728 represents an important milestone in our journey toward creating a resilient healthcare system by the simple act of requiring the Maryland Health Benefits Exchange (MHBE) to request a 1332 waiver to allow Maryland residents, regardless of immigration status, to purchase insurance on the Exchange.

This bill is about making sure that hard-working, taxpaying Marylanders can have access to the Maryland Health Benefit Exchange and the opportunity to pay for health care insurance. This bill is a win-win. It is not only in the best interest of the individuals and families who will gain health insurance coverage but also in the best interest of the state. It reduces the uninsured population which will result in savings in emergency room care because people are instead able to access more affordable, preventative care.

The Affordable Care Act has allowed more than 28 million people across the country to gain access to affordable health care. In Maryland, since the establishment of the Maryland Health Benefit Exchange (MHBE) in 2011, which allows individuals and small businesses to purchase affordable health coverage, **our uninsured rate has almost halved from 12% to 6%.**

Although Maryland has taken bold steps to decrease the uninsured rate, a staggering 30% of the uninsured are denied healthcare coverage solely because of their immigration status. This systematic and structural inability to access routine, comprehensive, affordable care has led uninsured Marylanders to seek out the most expensive type of care there is: emergency departments. When individuals have access to primary care, it results in higher rates of early detection and better long-term management of chronic diseases and serious illnesses, a decrease in mortality rates, and an increase in overall healthier and wealthier communities.

Multiple states across the country have established comprehensive programs to extend coverage to immigrants regardless of their immigration status, and despite the profound cultural contributions immigrants make to the state, along with their essential role in the Maryland workforce and millions in contributions to society and the economy through federal, state, and local taxes - they are still ineligible for the Affordable Care Act.

Over the last several decades, the need for healthcare coverage has been a consistent priority for Maryland's immigrant community. The state of Maryland has the fifth-highest percentage of immigrant vs. total population - leaving one of the most significant percentages of residents left without care. HB 728 is a crucial step in addressing access to care for all Marylanders.

HB 728 is not only critical legislation for our undocumented community, but it is also sound policy for the state. Firstly, this bill creates no fiscal burden on the state budget. Involved actors in the process, including MHBE, have expressed that the waiver can be submitted, and individuals enrolled with current resources. Furthermore, having access to the individual marketplace and therefore, easier access to routine, primary care will result in a decrease in the number of emergency room visits that uninsured individuals with illnesses make, and would decrease uncompensated care costs. Uncompensated care costs ultimately affect everyone's insurance rates – which are raised to cover these costs. According to our hospitals, the State is spending between \$120—170M per year in uncompensated care for emergency department services for residents who do not have insurance, and in some cases that is simply because they cannot easily purchase it. They end up in the emergency departments because they do not have access to primary or preventive health care. Lastly, our emergency department wait times are among the highest in the country—these could be significantly decreased by making sure that ALL our residents have access to preventive care which will keep them out of the emergency room.

Access to routine yearly checkups will ensure that our undocumented immigrant children, youth, and adults live better, healthier, and more productive lifestyles that ultimately make our communities more vibrant.

This common-sense legislation aligns Maryland with its values of protecting life and treating all people with dignity, respect, and care.

MAP appreciates your consideration and urges the committee to issue a favorable report for HB 728.

Marylanders Against Poverty (MAP) is a coalition of service providers, faith communities, and advocacy organizations advancing statewide public policies and programs necessary to alleviate the burdens faced by Marylanders living in or near poverty, and to address the underlying systemic causes of poverty.