

Working to end sexual violence in Maryland

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Testimony Supporting Senate Bill 177 Lisae C. Jordan, Executive Director & Counsel

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The Maryland Coalition Against Sexual Assault (MCASA) is a non-profit membership organization that includes the State's seventeen rape crisis centers, law enforcement, mental health and health care providers, attorneys, educators, survivors of sexual violence and other concerned individuals. MCASA includes the Sexual Assault Legal Institute (SALI), a statewide legal services provider for survivors of sexual assault. MCASA represents the unified voice and combined energy of all of its members working to eliminate sexual violence. We urge the Judicial Proceedings Committee to report favorably on Senate Bill 177.

Senate Bill 177 – Sexual Offenses – Law Enforcement

Current law recognizes the power disparities between law enforcement and those in their "custody." Criminal Law §3-314 prohibits a law enforcement officer from engaging in sexual contact, vaginal intercourse, or a sexual act with a person in their custody of the law enforcement officer; is a victim, witness or suspect in an investigation; or who have requested assistance. The law also prohibits sexual contact vaginal intercourse, or sexual acts performed by correctional officers, court-ordered services providers, department of juvenile justice personnel, department of public safety personnel and contractors, and others working in correctional facilities from these sexual activities with inmates and those in their care. Senate Bill 177 increases the penalties for this conduct from a 3 year misdemeanor to a 10 year felony, and provides for sex offender registration.

The unequal power between law enforcement and people who are in their custody, involved in police investigations, or who have requested assistance, heightens the risk of exploitation and abuse of power. SB177 stems from a case involving a woman who was speeding because she was on the way to see her injured young child. The officers who stopped her put her in handcuffs and took her back to the station. Her car was also impounded. At the station they uncuffed her and an officer told her that if she would help him, he could help her, and then engaged in vaginal penetration with her at the station. She testified that she did not feel like she really had a choice. A 3 year penalty is inadequate for this abuse of power by a police officer.

The US Department of Justice investigation of the Baltimore City Police Department (BPD) provides further example of why this legislation should be enacted in Maryland:

[W]e found evidence that some BPD officers engage in criminal behavior that BPD does not sufficiently address. We heard complaints from the community that some officers target

members of a vulnerable population—people involved in the sex trade—to coerce sexual favors from them in exchange for avoiding arrest, or for cash or narcotics. This conduct is not only criminal, it is an abuse of power. Unfortunately, we not only found evidence of this conduct in BPD's internal affairs files, it appeared that the Department failed to adequately investigate allegations of such conduct, allowing it to recur. For example, BPD investigators became aware of one officer's alleged misconduct in March of 2012 when they conducted a "prostitution initiative" "for the purposes of gathering intelligence and obtaining confidential informants relating to police corruption." One of the women interviewed informed BPD investigators that she met with a certain officer and engaged in sexual activities in the officer's patrol car once every other week "in exchange for U.S. Currency or immunity from arrest." U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, *Investigation of the Baltimore City Police Department*. 149-150 (2016). https://www.justice.gov/crt/file/883296/download>. *See also*, https://www.washingtonpost.com/outlook/how-some-cops-use-the-badge-to-commit-sex-crimes/2018/01/11/5606fb26-eff3-11e7-b390-a36dc3fa2842_story.html, citing the BPD investigation report.

People should be able to have confidence that law enforcement officers and others in similar jobs are not using their positions of authority to coerce others for sexual favors during the course of their duties.

The Maryland Coalition Against Sexual Assault urges the Judicial Proceedings Committee to report favorably on Senate Bill 177