2024 Testimony for HB 608 Earned Income Tax Credit—Individuals Without Qualifying Children—Eligibility

HB 608 Earned Income Tax Credit—Individuals Without Qualifying Children—Eligibility Support Maryland Poor People's Campaign

I am Susan Allen, a member of the Maryland Poor People's Campaign. I live at 3463 Rockway Avenue, Annapolis, MD 21403. I urge you to pass HB 608 because (1) many single working Marylanders need this expanded/improved Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) to lift them out of poverty; and (2) this bill rectifies some tax discrimination.

Low-paid single working Marylanders have suffered because they lost vital EITC tax benefits since the American Rescue Plan ended for them after 2021.

Overall, our tax codes discriminate against low-paid workers who are not raising children.

This includes many of my nieces and nephews who work in construction.

Here's a quote from the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (CBPP): Low-paid workers not raising children are the sole group the federal tax system taxes into or deeper into poverty, mainly because their EITC is so low.

Forgive me if I've gotten the complex benefit changes in HB 608 wrong, but here's why I support it.

1. To make EITC effective in helping low-wealth single Marylanders, HB 608 raises the phase out amount to \$19, 160. That's about \$3000 more than the Federal parameters. The tax credit ends at \$24, 210. And this applies to a married couple filing jointly with no children. This represents an effective raise in phase-out.

2. Without this bill, an eligible single working Marylander would receive a \$200 average Federal benefit in the EITC. With HB 608, that same Marylander could receive up to \$530 in a taxable year.

3. Most importantly, HB 608 has a cost-of-living adjustment. This increase is essential to the anti-poverty provisions of this bill.

The EITC is proven to raise low-wealth people out of poverty. HB 608 will work. (<u>https://www.cbpp.org/research/policy-basics-the-earned-income-tax-credit</u>)

To improve HB 608, I recommend that the bill increase the phase-in rate and the phase-in end to amounts that more closely match married couples with one child. Housing costs and other

essential expenses are very high in Maryland and low-earning couples with no children need the tax help.