

Testimony in Support of HB74 Lifesavers School Program

Dear Ways and Means Committee,

My name is Catherine Carter, and I am a Vision/Health Advocate who has worked for that last eight years to improving the health of our community and schools through active involvement in passing state and national legislation and policy. Today, I appear before you not only as an advocate but also as a concerned parent, urging your support for HB74, the Lifesavers School Program.

The Lifesavers Program aims to recognize schools that prioritize the mental wellness of their students and staff by implementing mental health and peer mentoring programs and providing CPR/First Aid training. Schools participating in the program will undergo renewal every four years. By equipping our students and staff with the skills to support and save each other, we can foster safer schools and communities.

But it is not enough to pass a bill. I am asking for you to use your powerful voice and platform to inform our communities, schools, parents, and students about this program. Encourage them to work together and empower each other to become Lifesavers, so tens of thousands of us across the state of Maryland have the skills to combat the mental health crisis in our communities.

I believe many of us present here have encountered the challenges of supporting loved ones dealing with depression and suicidal thoughts. Personally, I experienced a traumatic incident in high school when I had to rush someone I care about to the hospital after a suicide attempt. This heartbreaking experience left me feeling powerless, questioning if there was more I could have done, and burdened with self-blame. Today, our schools and communities grapple with a mental health crisis, and teachers and students are calling for resources to address the pressing need to prevent suicides. HB74 offers schools the resources, motivation, and recognition to implement Mental Health Wellness and peer mentorship programs.

Furthermore, the Lifesavers Bill acknowledges schools that provide crucial first aid training to students and staff, empowering them with the skills needed in emergency situations. My daughter had two emergency incidents at her middle school, highlighting the urgency of such training. In these instances, students were scared and unsure how to help their peers until someone certified in first aid arrived. It took six minutes before proper assistance was provided, demonstrating the critical need for broader first aid education.

After these incidents, I discovered that my teenagers lacked essential First Aid knowledge beyond basic CPR, as their health class was limited by curriculum constraints. Investigating options, I found that the Red Cross offers a First Aid Program allowing teachers and administrators to receive training and, in turn, can train their students. Participation in the Lifesavers First Aid Program can apply towards staff professional development and student community service hours.

Many students will inevitably face emergency situations, such as parties with friends experiencing alcohol or drugrelated issues, or peers struggling with mental health challenges. Students are often the first on the scene, and the Lifesaver Program recognizes them as an untapped resource that, with proper skills, can assist and save lives.

In conclusion, I implore the Ways and Means Committee to support HB74 and the Lifesavers School Program. By doing so, we can empower our schools and communities to proactively address mental health challenges and equip our students with life-saving skills, creating a safer and more resilient environment for our communities. Thank you for your attention and consideration.

American Red Cross First Aid/CPR/AED

Table of Contents		PART 3 FIRST AID FOR COMMON ILLNESSES AND INJURIES / 74	
PART 1 FIRST AID BASICS / 1	PART 2 FIRST AID FOR CARDIAC EMERGENCIES AND CHOKING / 34	CHAPTER 5 Sudden Illness, 75 General Approach to Sudden Illness	
CHAPTER 1 Before Giving Care, 2 Preparing for Emergencies	CHAPTER 3 Cardiac Emergencies, 35 Heart Attack	Diabetic Emergencies 83 Seizures 85 Fainting 86 Stroke 87 Skill Sheets 87 5-1: Assisting with an Asthma Inhaler 89 5-2: Assisting with an Exinephrine 89	- C
Lowering the Risk for Infection	Working as a Team	Auto Injector	APPENDICES
Skill Sheet 1-1: Removing Latex-Free Disposable Gloves	3-1: Giving CPR to an Adult. 53 3-2: Giving CPR to a Child. 55 3-3: Giving CPR to an Infant. 57 3-4: Using an AED. 59		APPENDIX A Emergency Moves, 141 APPENDIX B Special First Aid Situations, 144
PAPER P Decode of langea of 	Kir Sactors for Choking 62 Signs and Symptoms of Choking 63 First Aid for Choking 63 Sciin Bnets 64 41: Caring for an Adult Who Is Choking 68 42: Caring for a Child Who Is Choking 70 4-3: Caring for an Infant Who Is Choking 72	FORFUTE F Traumatic Injuries, 93 Nock, mail Bleeding, mail Nipuries, mail Nock, Bone and Joint Injuries, mail Nock, Anck Spinal Injuries, mail Nock, Hore, Nath Injuries, mail Nock, Nack and Spinal Injuries, mail Nock, Hore, Nach And Mark Nock, Nack and Spinal Injuries, mail Patrice Injuries, mail Nath Nack, Nack and Spinal Injuries, mail Patrice Injuries, mail Patrice Teresure to Control Eternal Bleeding, mail 6.1: Using Encered To Control Cherre R Desure Injuries and Illnessen Info Dosure Injuries and Illnessen Info Nosure Injuries and Illnessen Info	Abuse. 144 Emergency Childbirth. 145 APEENDIX C Special considerations for Signs and Symptoms in Children, 146 Fever 146 Yomations and Diarthea 152 Yomations and Diarthea

13A.04.18.01

.01 Comprehensive Health Education Instructional Programs for Grades Prekindergarten—12.

(3) Safety and Violence Prevention.

(a) High school students shall complete instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation that includes hands-only cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator.