CAROLYN A. QUATTROCKI Chief Deputy Attorney General

LEONARD J. HOWIE III Deputy Attorney General

CARRIE J. WILLIAMS Deputy Attorney General

ZENITA WICKHAM HURLEY Chief, Equity, Policy, and Engagement



PETER V. BERNS General Counsel

CHRISTIAN E. BARRERA *Chief Operating Officer*

STATE OF MARYLAND OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

ANTHONY G. BROWN

Attorney General

January 22, 2025

TO:	The Honorable C.T. Wilson Chair, Economic Matters Committee
	The Honorable Marc Korman Chair, Environment and Transportation Committee
FROM:	Tiffany Clark Chief, Legislative Affairs, Office of the Attorney General
RE:	House Bill 128 – Responding to Emergency Needs From Extreme Weather (RENEW) Act of 2025– Support with Amendments

The Office of the Attorney General urges the House Economic Matters and Environment and Transportation Committees to report favorably on **House Bill 128**– **Responding to Emergency Needs From Extreme Weather (RENEW) Act of 2025** with amendments. **House Bill 128** establishes the Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation Payment Program whose primary purpose is to secure compensatory payments from fossil fuel businesses based on a standard of strict liability to provide a source of revenue for State efforts to (1) adapt to and mitigate the effects of climate change and (2) address the health impacts of climate change on vulnerable populations.

House Bill 128 establishes a system whereby each fossil fuel company emitting more than 1 billion metric tons of greenhouse gases (GHG) will be required to pay a proportionate share of the total assessed cost of greenhouse gas emissions to the State in a proportionate ratio with the entity's GHG emissions that are part of the total amount of GHGs emitted from 1994 to 2023. Monies paid under the bill will go to a dedicated fund used for mitigation and adaptation projects, with a significant portion to be directed toward communities disproportionately affected by climate change.

House Bill 128 aligns with the Attorney General's interest in holding fossil fuel companies accountable for climate change impacts, however, the bill does pose some minor concerns. First,

House Bill 128 should be applicable only to an entity that actually sells its product in the State, mines raw materials in the State, or its product is consumed in the State, even if all their emissions don't occur in Maryland to ensure there is sufficient nexus to the State to allow the Maryland Department of the Environment to regulate emitters of GHGs. To the extent this minor issue is addressed with amendments, **House Bill 128** would provide much needed funds to address climate change problems caused by polluters who have thus far avoided accountability and paying their fair share.

For the foregoing reasons, the Office of the Attorney General urges a **favorable with** amendments report on House Bill 128.

cc: Economic Matters Committee Members