

Bill No.: HB631 – Eminent Domain – Agricultural and Conservation

Easements – Prohibited Taking **Committee:** Economic Matters

Sponsors: Delegates Guyton, Grammer, Griffith, A. Johnson, S. Johnson, Kerr, Kipke, Lehman, Mangione, McComas, Miller, Nawrocki, Pasteur, Patterson, Phillips, Rose, Ruth,

Stonko, Szeliga, Tomlinson, White Holland, and Wims

Hearing Date: March 6, 2025

Position: Favorable

Chair, Vice Chair, and Members of the Committee,

I respectfully submit this testimony in **strong support** of **House Bill 631**, which **prohibits the use of eminent domain to seize private property that is protected under a perpetual agricultural or conservation easement.** This bill reinforces Maryland's commitment to **preserving farmland**, **safeguarding our rural communities**, and **protecting vital waterways that contribute to the health of the Chesapeake Bay.** I urge a **favorable report** on this crucial legislation.

Maryland's Investment in Agricultural and Conservation Easements

Maryland has been a national leader in **land conservation and farmland protection** through programs such as:

- The Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Foundation (MALPF)
- The Rural Legacy Program
- The Maryland Environmental Trust
- County and municipal land preservation programs

Through these efforts, Maryland has **safeguarded thousands of acres of farmland**, **forests, and waterways**, preventing unchecked development and ensuring the long-term viability of agriculture and environmental conservation.

However, the Maryland Piedmont Reliability Project (MPRP) and similar transmission projects threaten to undermine these efforts by using eminent domain to seize lands that have been legally protected for conservation and farming.



The Scope of What's at Risk

If eminent domain is permitted on conserved and preserved lands, **the impact will be devastating** to Maryland's agricultural economy, rural communities, and environment. The **MPRP alone** is projected to impact:

- 245.8 acres of conservation easements, including 224.6 acres protected under MALPF
- 1,801.7 additional acres of conserved land within 500 feet of the proposed rightof-way
- 394.2 acres of forested lands, leading to significant habitat fragmentation
- 101 stream and waterbody crossings, increasing pollution and sedimentation risks
- 51.1 acres of total wetlands, including 10.1 acres of forested wetlands
- 522.6 acres of cultivated cropland, reducing agricultural production and economic output

Beyond the direct right-of-way impacts, the **303 access roads required for construction** will further **destroy an additional 140 acres of land**. These access roads will cause:

- Significant erosion, which will degrade soil health and increase runoff pollution into the Chesapeake Bay
- Soil compaction and damage, reducing farm productivity and limiting the ability
 of land to recover
- Long-term environmental degradation, including the loss of prime farmland that cannot be easily restored

Protecting Multi-Generational Family Farms and Rural Maryland

For centuries, Maryland's family farms have been at the heart of our rural communities. Many of these farms have been passed down for generations, **sustaining Maryland's agricultural economy** while providing **local food production**, **jobs**, **and environmental benefits**.

By protecting lands under conservation and agricultural easements, Maryland has made a commitment to its farmers—a commitment that should not be broken. If projects like the MPRP are allowed to seize and disrupt these lands, Maryland's multi-generational farms will suffer irreparable harm, threatening our state's agricultural future.



Safeguarding the Chesapeake Bay and Maryland's Waterways

Maryland's conserved lands play a **critical role in protecting the health of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries.** These lands:

- Prevent stormwater runoff and erosion that lead to pollution in the Bay
- Provide natural filtration to protect drinking water supplies
- Support wildlife habitats and biodiversity, preserving Maryland's ecological balance

The construction and maintenance of high-voltage transmission lines across these protected lands will **reverse decades of progress** in reducing nitrogen and phosphorus pollution in the Chesapeake Bay. The **destruction of forested wetlands and stream crossings** will **increase erosion and sediment runoff**, further degrading water quality and harming marine life.

Conclusion

The passage of **HB631** is essential to uphold Maryland's commitment to land conservation, rural preservation, and environmental stewardship. This bill ensures that agricultural and conservation easements remain protected from corporate and governmental overreach, securing the future of Maryland's farms and natural resources.

• By prohibiting the use of eminent domain on lands protected for conservation and agriculture, HB631:

Protects multi-generational family farms from forced land seizures

Upholds Maryland's significant investments in conservation and agricultural preservation

Prevents environmental degradation and protects the Chesapeake Bay Ensures that Maryland's promise to landowners remains intact

I strongly urge the committee to issue a favorable report on HB631.

Respectfully submitted,

Joanne Frederick
President
Stop MPRP, Inc.
joanne.frederick@stopmprp.org
443.789.1382