# Maryland Military Coalition HB0062 Written Testimo Uploaded by: DAVID Dragics



### MARYLAND MILITARY COALITION

Serving Veterans through Legislative Advocacy

January 27, 2025

The Honorable Marc Korman Chair, Environment and Transportation Committee 250 Taylor House Office Building Annapolis, MD 21401

Subject: Request for FAVORABLE Report – HB0062 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements

Dear Chair Korman and distinguished members of the Environment and Transportation Committee:

On behalf of the members of the Maryland Military Coalition (MMC), I write to recommend a FAVORABLE report by the Committee on *HB0062 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements*, at the request of the Maryland Department of Commerce. This bill provides that certain provisions of the law regarding chemical warfare material requirements under a controlled hazardous substance facility permit do not apply to certain research facilities under certain circumstances. This bill applies only to the U.S. Army's Chemical and Biological Center (CBC) at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), Maryland.

As pointed out in the attached letter from the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Threat Reduction and Arms Control of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense to the Executive Office of the Governor, APG is "the nation's treaty-designated single small-scale facility," the only place in the United States where "chemical agents at the quantities needed for defense research, development, and testing" can be fabricated and stored.

The MMC **strongly supports HB0062** and asks the Environment and Transportation Committee for a *FAVORABLE* report. Passing this bill would support both the defense community and veterans in Maryland, who comprise a large portion of the workforce at APG.

The Maryland Military Coalition is a registered non-profit, non-partisan advocacy organization comprised of 22 prominent Maryland-based veteran and military groups. It represents over 150,000 service-connected individuals, including those currently serving, veterans, retirees and their families, caregivers, and survivors. Visit our website at <a href="https://mdmilcoalition.org/">https://mdmilcoalition.org/</a>.

Respectfully,

lound l'chaquis

David L. Dragics COL (Ret), U.S. Army Legislative Director

Attachment



### Member Organizations of the Maryland Military Coalition

Air Force Sergeants Association American Military Society American Minority Veterans Research Project Association of the United States Navy Commissioned Officers Association of the U.S. Public Health Service **Disabled American Veterans** Fleet Reserve Association of Annapolis Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A Maryland Air National Guard Retirees' Association National Active and Retired Federal Employees, Maryland Veterans Maryland Veterans Chamber of Commerce Military Officers Association of America Military Order of the Purple Heart Military Order of the World Wars Montford Point Marines of America National Association of Black Veterans National Active and Retired Federal Employees, Maryland Veterans Naval Enlisted Reserve Association NOAA Association of Commissioned Officers Platoon 22 **Reserve Organization of America** Society of Military Widows Veterans of Foreign Wars



Mr. Brad Fallon, Deputy Legislative Officer Executive Office of the Governor 100 State Circle Annapolis, MD 21401

Dear Mr. Fallon,

As the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Threat Reduction and Arms Control, I oversee the U.S. Chemical Demilitarization Program as well as several portfolios that sponsor technology development at our nation's center for chemical and biological weapons defense research and development, the U.S. Army's Chemical and Biological Center (CBC) at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), Maryland. The Department of Defense (DoD) considers the acceleration of research, development, prototyping, and testing to be a national defense priority and critical to the protection of our warfighters.

Adversaries such as North Korea, Russia, Iran, and China are only becoming more brazen in their development and use of WMD. The DoD must develop and field technologies that protect our troops from these weapons and give them the ability to defeat, disable or destroy them before they can be used against us or our allies.

The CBC possesses unique engineering expertise to accelerate the design, testing, prototyping, and fielding of chemical agent destruction solutions needed by our warfighters. They have robust test facilities and environmental and safety programs. They also have a long and demonstrated history of performing safe and environmentally compliant chemical weapons-related research and development. Importantly, APG hosts a unique national asset: the nation's treaty-designated single small-scale facility. As such, APG is the only place in the country where we can fabricate and store chemical agents at the quantities needed for defense research, development, and testing.

The CBC routinely develops and tests new thermal destruction technologies to support warfighter needs to destroy chemical and biological agents in tactical environments. It is critical that we maintain the ability to perform needed research, development, prototyping, and testing in support of defense and counterproliferation priorities. I appreciate your support to ensure this unique and critically important capability is sustained at APG.

Thank you,

Kingston Reif

Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Threat Reduction and Arms Control

HB62\_McComas\_FAV Uploaded by: Del. Susan McComas Position: FAV

SUSAN K. McComas Legislative District 34B Harford County

Deputy Minority Whip

Appropriations Committee

Subcommittees Public Safety and Administration Oversight Committee on Pensions

> Joint Committees Administrative, Executive, and Legislative Review

> > Legislative Ethics

*Past President* Women Legislators of Maryland



Annapolis Office The Maryland House of Delegates 6 Bladen Street, Room 411 Annapolis, Maryland 21401 410-841-3272 · 301-858-3272 800-492-7122 Ext. 3272 Fax 410-841-3202 · 301-858-3202 Susan.McComas@house.state.md.us

The Maryland House of Delegates ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21401

The Honorable Marc Korman, Chair House Environment and Transportation Committee 251 Lowe House Office Building 6 Bladen Street Annapolis, MD 21401

RE: House Bill 62 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research – Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements – FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Korman and Members of the Committee:

I am writing in support of House Bill 62. Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) has been a major American defense facility since 1917. We have a wonderful, talented and patriotic workforce who have consistently protected America in peace and war. America is challenged and threatened in a very unstable and troubled world. It is important that we maintain the nation's security from any and all threats of harm – domestic and foreign.

The Aberdeen Proving Ground is the largest economic engine in the northeastern Maryland corridor. The Maryland Commerce Department supports the passage of this legislation for America's security; APG currently employs a vast number of highly educated PhD's as military and civilian scientists and research engineers. It is recognized as one of the world's most significant research and development facilities for military endeavors. With over 18,000 civilian and military personnel, APG is the largest employer in Harford County and one the largest in our state. APG has been and continues to be a true partner with the community, employing technical staff as well as sophisticated mechanics, tradesman, and technicians.

Several years ago, while in attendance at an event, the Commander of the Proving Ground asked me what issues were concerning in Harford County. At that time, I mentioned the opioid crisis. The Commander then took it upon himself to organize two opioid conferences at APG with experts to examine the information from families that had been severely impacted by this scourge. It was a tremendous success.

APG sponsors Freestate Challenge Academy, an educational facility that takes students who have withdrawn from high school between 16 and 18 years of age. The Academy offers them a second chance at a quality education. For 22 weeks, these young "cadets" voluntarily

live in the academy's residential program, which is a structured, disciplined, and quasi-military community. The Maryland National Guard oversees the 17-month program. The cadets frequently perform at community events, exuding confidence, and pride in these public ceremonies.

As an Army facility, APG supports a number of programs to assist soldiers and their families to connect with the community and its public school system, youth services, health and welfare programs, and housing. Harford County is very proud to have Aberdeen Proving Ground as its protector, friend, and extended community partner.

Please return a Favorable Report for HB 62.

Sincerely,

Super A. M. Comes

Susan K. McComas Legislative District 34B Town of Bel Air, Greater Bel Air & Abingdon



# HB62\_FAV\_HARFORD COUNTY HOUSE DELEGATION Uploaded by: Delegate Teresa E. Reilly

February 4<sup>th</sup>, 2025

The Honorable Marc Korman Chair Environment and Transportation Committee 251 HOB Annapolis, MD 21401

## **RE: HB62-** Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material Requirements

Dear Chair Korman and Members of the Environment and Transportation Committee:

The Harford County House Delegation supports **HB62- Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material Requirements**. The vote tally is attached.

This bill is extremely important for Harford County and Aberdeen Proving Grounds. These research facilities and materials are vital for the Department of Defense's research and development efforts, in addition to our country's ongoing advancements in national security matters.

We respectfully ask for a favorable report from the Environment and Transportation Committee.

Sincerely.

Teresa E. Reilly Chair Harford County House Delegation

| Harford County Delegation<br>Voting Record – 2025 Session  |     |    |         | Bill/Issue: Leffer of Support HB62<br>Vote Date: 2/3/25 |        |                                       |  |
|--|-----|----|---------|---|--------|---------------------------------------|--|
|  |     |    |         |   |        | r of Support-Favorable                |  |
| Motion: to Send 2 Letter of Support for HB62 to<br><u>the members of the Environment and Transportation Committee</u><br><u>on benalf of the Hc Delegation</u> .<br>1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Del. McComds</u><br><sup>2<sup>nd</sup></sup> <u>Del. Reilly</u><br>Favorable    Favorable with Amendment    Unfavorable    Withdrawn |     |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
| Name   | Yes | No | Abstain | Excused   | Absent | Amendment<br>Numbers, Notes,<br>Other |  |
| Reilly, T., Chair<br>McComas, S.<br>Vice Chair   | /   |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
| Arikan, L.   | /   |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
| Griffith, M.   | /   |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
| Johnson, A   | /   |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
| Johnson, S.  | /   |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
|  |     |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
|  |     |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |
| Totals   | 6   |    |         |   |        |                                       |  |

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Delegation Secretary Tay Mac

/

**MDE HB62 SUP.pdf** Uploaded by: Jeremy D. Baker Position: FAV



### The Maryland Department of the Environment Secretary Serena McIlwain

### House Bill 62 Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material Requirements

**Position:** Support **Committee:** Environment and Transportation **Date:** January 29, 2025 **From:** Leslie Gray, Government Relations Officer

The Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) SUPPORTS HB 62.

The bill is intended to amend current law that is unintentionally serving as an obstacle to the ability of the U.S. Army to conduct research and development work to address critical national defense and security challenges posed by adversaries' potential use of chemical warfare materials.

The bill would exclude a research facility designated by the U.S. Department of Defense (DOD) for the research, development, or demonstration of technologies related to chemical warfare materials from certain conditions and prohibitions applicable to incineration of chemical warfare materials. Specifically, a research facility would be excluded from:

- Performance standards under §7-239.3 of the Environment Article that a permit applicant must meet in order for the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE or the Department) to issue a CHS Facility Permit for a facility that incinerates chemical warfare materials; and
- Conditions under §7-239.4 of the Environment Article that MDE must include in a CHS Facility Permit for a facility that incinerates chemical warfare materials.

Current statutory provisions were adopted in the 1990s to address concerns associated with the required destruction of the nation's stockpile of chemical weapons, a portion of which was being stored at Aberdeen Proving Ground. The 1990s era statutory provisions established specific conditions in the event that incineration was chosen as the method of destruction for chemical warfare material that included requirements not appropriate for work that is conducted in the context of research and development. For example, the statute currently requires that the destruction technology permitted to be used for chemical warfare material must have been demonstrated to consistently meet all applicable State and federal performance standards in a comparable operational facility. This is not possible if the technology under consideration as part of a research project is new, innovative technology not previously commercialized.

MDE concurs with the Department of Commerce's technical amendments that would allow the bill to serve its intended purpose while maintaining consistency with the federal hazardous waste regulatory program and avoiding potential sanctions by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

The bill would remove statutory impediments that prevent important national security and defense preparedness work from being conducted at a Maryland facility that is uniquely qualified to perform such work.

For the reasons detailed above MDE asks for a FAVORABLE report for HB 62.

HB62\_Fav\_HCG.pdf Uploaded by: Lawrence Richardson Position: FAV

### **ROBERT G. CASSILLY** Harford County Executive



**ROBERT S. MCCORD** Director of Administration

January 27, 2025

Delegate Marc Korman, Chair Environment and Transportation Committee 250 Taylor House Office Building 6 Bladen Street Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Re: Letter of Support on HB62 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements

Dear Chairman Korman and Committee Members,

The provisions of Section 7-239 of the Environment Article were adopted at a time when Aberdeen Proving Ground South (formerly Edgewood Arsenal) was in the process of disposing vast stocks of aging chemical and biological munitions produced during the World Wars and Cold War. This major undertaking was quite understandably of considerable concern for the communities in the APG vicinity. We are delighted that the disposal mission has been successfully completed.

Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) now remains as the center of research and development for the detection and elimination of chemical weapons; you might recall the lead role an APG team played in locating and neutralizing Syria's vast chemical weapons stocks. To further that mission, APG continues to work with very small quantities of warfare materials in order to analyze properties and develop effective and efficient disposal processes. Due to the very small quantities involved and the highly controlled processes used for this purpose, it is not necessary to mire these valuable scientific efforts in the cumbersome processes developed for the destruction of vast quantities of aging munitions.

Aberdeen Proving Ground is Harford County's number one employer, providing well-paying jobs to many of our citizens. The APG leadership and most of the workforce resided in Harford County and I am fully confident that the requested changes to Section 7-239 of the Environment Article, as stated in House Bill 62, are in the best interest of our nation, our state, and the citizens of Harford County. I respectfully request that the Environment and Transportation Committee report favorably on HB62.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Robert G. Cassilly

## HB 62\_ROUTE 40\_FAV.pdf Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith



January 27, 2025

The Honorable Marc Korman, Chair House Environment and Transportation Committee 251 Taylor House Office Building Annapolis, MD 21401

RE: House Bill 62 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research-Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements – FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Korman and Members of the Committee,

I am writing in support of House Bill 62. This legislation will ultimately benefit not only the State of Maryland but the United States as a whole.

The Route 40 Business Association is a non-profit organization established in 1987 with the goal of helping to enhance the business environment for the Route 40 corridor. Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) is the biggest economic driver on the Route 40 corridor. Our 100+ members have businesses that support the APG mission directly (contracts with APG) and/or indirectly (support the needs of the 22K APG workforce). Many of us have family and friends that work at APG. We understand the breadth of missions at APG, and that these missions are critical to keep our warfighters and nation safe. For many of our member organizations, a thriving APG translates into a thriving business.

The Route 40 Business Association is committed to supporting the mission of APG and its tenant organizations as one of the nation's premier defense research and development centers. We are confident that APG conducts these missions safely with the required environmental safeguards. For these reasons, I urge a favorable report on Senate Bill 253.

MADER

Robert Andrews President, Route 40 Business Association P.O. Box 1203 Abingdon, MD 21009

cc: Tom Albro, Chair of the Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC) Joan Smith, Bryson F. Popham, P.A., MDRC Executive Director

## Letter\_DASD to MD Governors Office\_signed.pdf Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith



Mr. Brad Fallon, Deputy Legislative Officer Executive Office of the Governor 100 State Circle Annapolis, MD 21401

Dear Mr. Fallon,

As the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Threat Reduction and Arms Control, I oversee the U.S. Chemical Demilitarization Program as well as several portfolios that sponsor technology development at our nation's center for chemical and biological weapons defense research and development, the U.S. Army's Chemical and Biological Center (CBC) at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), Maryland. The Department of Defense (DoD) considers the acceleration of research, development, prototyping, and testing to be a national defense priority and critical to the protection of our warfighters.

Adversaries such as North Korea, Russia, Iran, and China are only becoming more brazen in their development and use of WMD. The DoD must develop and field technologies that protect our troops from these weapons and give them the ability to defeat, disable or destroy them before they can be used against us or our allies.

The CBC possesses unique engineering expertise to accelerate the design, testing, prototyping, and fielding of chemical agent destruction solutions needed by our warfighters. They have robust test facilities and environmental and safety programs. They also have a long and demonstrated history of performing safe and environmentally compliant chemical weapons-related research and development. Importantly, APG hosts a unique national asset: the nation's treaty-designated single small-scale facility. As such, APG is the only place in the country where we can fabricate and store chemical agents at the quantities needed for defense research, development, and testing.

The CBC routinely develops and tests new thermal destruction technologies to support warfighter needs to destroy chemical and biological agents in tactical environments. It is critical that we maintain the ability to perform needed research, development, prototyping, and testing in support of defense and counterproliferation priorities. I appreciate your support to ensure this unique and critically important capability is sustained at APG.

Thank you,

Kingston Reif Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Threat Reduction and Arms Control

cc:

The Honorable Serena Coleman McIlwain Maryland Secretary of the Environment The Honorable Kevin A. Anderson Maryland Secretary of Commerce The Honorable Anthony C. Woods Maryland Secretary of Veterans & Military Families The Honorable Brian J. Feldman Chairman of Education, Energy, and the Environment Committee The Honorable Marc A. Korman Chairman of Environment and Transportation Committee Mr. Tom Albro Chairman, Maryland Defense Research Coalition Mr. Bryson F. Popham Army Alliance

## **SB 253\_ARMY ALLIANCE\_FAV.pdf** Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith



#### Army Alliance Board of Directors

President, Mike Ray Harford County Chamber of Commerce SURVICE Engineering

Vice President, Patrick Mullin QED Systems

Treasurer, Terry Grant KatzAbsoch

Secretary, Denise Carnaggio Founding Member Community Member at Large

Legislative Lead, Jill McClune Avon Protection Systems, Inc.

President Emeritus, Tony Lisuzzo Iron Wave Technologies, LLC

Tom Albro Community Member at Large

Gerard Brohm Brohm Consulting, LLC

Pete Christensen JRAD

Dean Ertwine Maryland Department of Commerce

Karen Holt Harford County Office of Economic Development

Larry Muzzelo Community Member at Large

Eric McLauchlin Pessin Katz Law, P.A. (PK Law)

Shane Sims Parsons

Beetle Smith MacKenzie Commercial Real Estate

William Sorenson Cecil County Office of Economic Development

Richard Spencer ANSER

Michael Tait St. John Properties

Executive Director Sue Nappi

#### January 17, 2025

The Honorable Brian J. Feldman, Chair Senate Education, Energy and the Environment Committee Miller Senate Office Building, 2 West Wing 11 Bladen St. Annapolis, Maryland 21401

RE: Senate Bill 253 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research- Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements – FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Feldman and Members of the Committee,

I am writing in support of Senate Bill 253. This legislation will ultimately benefit not only the State of Maryland but the United States and its warfighters that defend our country.

The Army Alliance Inc. is a non-profit civic organization that advocates for the well-being of the programs, people, and missions of Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG). The Army Alliance was established in 1999 and has successfully supported over \$500 million in projects and facilities the benefit the entire APG community. APG is a national asset and the number one employer in Northeastern Maryland.

The Army Alliance supports this bill that will provide the required environmental safeguards while permitting the U.S. Army Combat Capabilities Development Command Chemical Biological Center (CBC) to carry out its research mission of developing and developing strategies to dispose of new forms of chemical weapons for the US. Army and, by extension, the Nation.

The Maryland statute originally enacted in 1993 to regulate the environmental impact of eliminating the chemical agent stockpile at the Edgewood facility of APG has created the unforeseen result of adversely impacting the ability of the Department of Defense to develop and demonstrate new technologies to manage and control chemical warfare materiel in tactical environments and emergency response actions. CBC is the DoD's designated organization for the research, development, and demonstration of technologies to destroy chemical and biological warfare materials. This includes new and novel thermal



Army Alliance Board of Directors

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Vice President, Patrick Mullin QED Systems

Treasurer, Terry Grant KatzAbsoch

Secretary, Denise Carnaggio Founding Member Community Member at Large

Legislative Lead, Jill McClune Avon Protection Systems, Inc.

President Emeritus, Tony Lisuzzo Iron Wave Technologies, LLC

Tom Albro Community Member at Large

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Karen Holt Harford County Office of Economic Development

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Eric McLauchlin Pessin Katz Law, P.A. (PK Law)

Shane Sims Parsons

Beetle Smith MacKenzie Commercial Real Estate

William Sorenson Cecil County Office of Economic Development

Richard Spencer

Michael Tait St. John Properties

Executive Director Sue Nappi technologies that operate without impact on the environment. This is a critical mission in support of our nation.

For these reasons, I urge a favorable report on Senate Bill 253.

Mike Ray President, Army Alliance

cc: Tom Albro, Chair of the Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC) Joan Smith, Bryson F. Popham, P.A., MDRC Executive Director

## **SB 253\_HARFORD CHAMBER\_FAV.pdf** Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith



January 27, 2025

The Honorable Brian J. Feldman, Chair Senate Education, Energy, and the Environment Committee Miller Senate Office Building, 2 West Wing 11 Bladen St. Annapolis, Maryland 21401

#### **RE: SB 253 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research-Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements** FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Feldman and Members of the Committee,

On behalf of the Harford County Chamber of Commerce's Board of Directors, I am writing in support of Senate Bill 253. This legislation will benefit not only the State of Maryland but the United States as a whole. SB 253 will provide crucial support for our Nation's defense; specifically, to enhance our research and development capabilities at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) and modernize the Combat Capabilities Developments Command's Chemical Biological Center's (DEVCOM CBC's) mission. Once enacted, SB 253 will permit the premier chemical and biological defense research facility of the United States Army to act swiftly in its examination and mitigation of the hazardous materials that our warfighters may encounter around the world, and to develop countermeasures to render them safe.

The Harford County Chamber of Commerce is the premier voice for business in Harford County representing almost 650 businesses/organizations which employ over 20,000 people. The Harford County Chamber recognizes the vital role APG plays in our national defense as well as being a vital contributor our county's economy. The partnership between the Harford County Chamber of Commerce and APG is vital for fostering mutual growth, economic development, and community support. Our collaborations bridge the gap between military and civilian sectors, creating opportunities for local businesses to provide goods, services, and employment to military personnel and their families. In return, APG brings economic stability and enhances the region's workforce with skilled individuals. By working together, we address shared challenges, strengthen local infrastructure, and promote a thriving, resilient community that benefits all stakeholders.

The Harford County Chamber of Commerce is committed to supporting the mission of APG and its tenant organizations as one of the nation's premier defense research and development centers. For these reasons, I urge a favorable report on Senate Bill 253.

Sincerely,

angelard. Rose

Angela M. Rose President & CEO 108 South Bond Street Bel Air, Maryland 21014

#### FY 25 Board of Directors Officers

Immediate Past Chair: Brianne Baccaro Norris Weyrich, Cronin, & Sorra Chair: Chris Stone E-Moxie Chair Elect: Monica Worrell APG Federal Credit Union Vice Chair of Finance: Mike Ray SURVICE Engineering Vice Chair of Administration: Mike Maxwell MAXED OUT Home Group

#### Members at Large

Josh Nelson , Chesapeake Environmental Management Meghan Jack MedStar Health

#### **Board Members**

Dr. Sean Bulson Harford County Public Schools PI Craig Harford Community Action Agency Anthony DiPaula DiPaula Law Dr. Theresa Felder Harford Community College Ron Fisher Harford County Caucus of African America Leaders Stephanie Giordano MacGreaor's Restaurant Terry Grant Katz Abosch Andy Guckert M&T Bank Marv Hastler Harford County Public Library Sarah Karantonis University of Maryland Upper Chesapeake Health Dave Karczeski BCV Commercial Realty Claudia Nachtigal The Highlands Schoo Steve Overbay Harford County Office of Economic Development Len Parrish Gemcraft Homes/Freedom Land Development Eric Rebbert Peake Partners Chanel Rhoads-Reed **Baltimore Gas & Electric** Robert Wehland Freedom Federal Credit Union

President/CEO Angela Rose

Ph. 410.838.2020 | Fx. 410.893.4715 www.harfordchamber.org

**SB 253\_NAPPI\_FAV.pdf** Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith Position: FAV



210 War Admiral Way Havre de Grace, MD 21078

January 24, 2025

The Honorable Brian J. Feldman, Chair Senate Education, Energy and the Environment Committee Miller Senate Office Building, 2 West Wing 11 Bladen St. Annapolis, Maryland 21401

RE: Senate Bill 253 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research- Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements – FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Feldman and Members of the Committee,

I am writing in support of Senate Bill 253. This legislation will ultimately benefit not only the State of Maryland but the United States as a whole.

I am the owner of Nappi Associates, LLC, a women-owned small business that provides consulting services to Harford County non-profits. My primary customer is the Army Alliance, a non-profit civic organization that advocates for the mission, people and positions at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG). I am also a retired Army civilian employee, concluding my career as the Deputy for Operations and Plans at the Communications-Electronics Command at APG. In my Army civilian career and now as a consultant, I have had varying assignments in which I collaborated with the senior leaders and researchers that are responsible for the technologies that are the cause for the proposed legislation. I can confidently state that these technologies are necessary and critical to ensure the safety of our warfighters and that the work will be done safely and in accordance with all environmental safeguards. I am proud to have had the opportunity to collaborate with the highly capable, well-educated workforce (many of which are PhDs) that are responsible for this critical work.

I have come to appreciate the economic impact of APG for Northeastern MD and the state -APG is the sixth largest workforce center in the state. Additionally, these highly skilled, educated workers performing this critical work will attract additional high technology missions and workforce, helping to further establish Maryland as a leader in technology. For these reasons, I urge a favorable report on Senate Bill 253.

Renappi

Sue Nappi Owner, Nappi Associates, LLC

cc: Tom Albro, Chair of the Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC) Joan Smith, Bryson F. Popham, P.A., MDRC Executive Director

## **SB 253\_SURVICE MDRC\_FAV.pdf** Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith



27 January 2025

The Honorable Brian J. Feldman, Chair Senate Education, Energy and the Environment Committee Miller Senate Office Building, 2 West Wing 11 Bladen St. Annapolis, Maryland 21401

### RE: Senate Bill 253 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research- Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements – FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Feldman and Members of the Committee,

I am writing in support of Senate Bill (SB) 253. Ultimately, this legislation will benefit not only the State of Maryland but the United States as a whole. As a U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)-focused company that employs many veterans and works to keep our military safe, we understand the value this legislation will bring to the Warfighter, allowing them to be more effective and safer in carrying out their missions. SB 253 will provide crucial support for our nation's defense, enhancing our research and development (R&D) capabilities at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) and modernizing the U.S. Army Combat Capabilities Development Command's Chemical Biological Center's (CBC's) mission. Once enacted, SB 253 will allow this premier chemical and biological defense research facility to act swiftly in examining and mitigating hazardous materials encountered by our Warfighters globally and develop countermeasures to render them safe.

SURVICE Engineering Company has been in Harford County since 1981, supporting the DoD and Warfighters on APG and around the world. Our role is to ensure our Warfighters are effective and safe and come home to their families, friends, and nation. We know CBC has a unique mission that only they can conduct for the DoD and our country's safety. The ability to complete their mission that this legislation will allow not only protects our Warfighters and nation but will help grow the economy in all Northeastern Maryland.

SURVICE is committed to supporting the mission of APG and its tenant organizations as one of the nation's premier defense R&D centers. For these reasons, I strongly advocate SB 253.

Sincerely,

Michael S. Ray / VP, Army, Marine Corps, and SOCOM Sector

cc: Tom Albro, Chair of the Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC) Joan Smith, Bryson F. Popham, P.A., MDRC Executive Director

**SB 253\_WYETT\_FAV.pdf** Uploaded by: Sarah Joan Smith Position: FAV

3012 Hillcrest Drive Salem, IL 62881 January 17, 2025

The Honorable Brian J. Feldman, Chair Senate Education, Energy and the Environment Committee Miller Senate Office Building, 2 West Wing 11 Bladen St. Annapolis, Maryland 21401

RE: Senate Bill 253 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research-Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements – FAVORABLE

Dear Chairman Feldman and Members of the Committee,

This letter supports the conduct of "treatability studies" at Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD. These are essential efforts that support both the survivability and fight-ability of U.S. forces. They also directly impact the ability to safely identify, handle, and dispose of a wide variety of poisonous and toxic materials whether of military or civilian origin. The U.S. Army Combat Capabilities Combat Development Command's Chemical and Biological Center has been the world's leader in technical knowledge and practical expertise in such matters since its predecessor, Edgewood Arsenal, was established in 1917. It has long supported other government agencies, such as the FBI and Secret Service in their protection and intelligence missions. In addition, the U.S. Army's 20<sup>th</sup> CBRNE Command has provided key services at home and internationally when such hazards pose an urgent threat.

All these needs and capabilities have a common, essential need – the kind of information that comes from "treatability studies." Often this information is needed on an urgent, even crisis basis. Only Aberdeen Proving Ground has the necessary knowledge, facilities, and procedures to conduct and/or manage such studies.

I urge the Maryland General Assembly to ensure these studies can continue by passing Senate Bill 253.

Wy word. Colchanne TO

Wyett H. Colclasure II 3012 Hillcrest Drive Salem, IL 62881-3740

Summary of experience on which I make this recommendation:

- Colonel (Retired), US Army. Thirty years experience in U.S. Army Chemical Corps followed by 20 years consulting in the same field.
- Former Director of Materiel Test, Dugway Proving Ground, Utah. Dugway was a subordinate command to the U S Army Test and Evaluation Command APG. Managed the required safe storage handling, and disposal of actual chemical warfare materials as well as extensive testing with simulants. Supported testing and development of environmentally friendly disposal technologies for explosive materials
- Former Project Manager Nuclear Biological Chemical Defense Systems, APG. Managed development testing, and fielding of equipment for military use.
- President of Army Alliance, Inc., Aberdeen, MD from 2004 2009 This tenure included representation and testimony activities inherent in supporting the FY2005 Base Realignment and Closure Commission (BRAC 2005) and which resulted in the electronic activities at Ft Monmouth, NJ relocating to Maryland.
- Panel member for three National Academy of Sciences studies for chemical and biological defense problems.
- Support contractor to the Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Program, supporting the recently completed destruction of the U.S chemical weapons stockpile.

**1-PAGER PUB.pdf** Uploaded by: Tom Albro Position: FAV



### THE MARYLAND DEFENSE RESEARCH COALITION (MDRC)

#### SUPPORTING DEVCOM CBC

The MDRC is an organization established to update current Maryland State statutory language to allow DEVCOM CBC, the nation's provider of innovative chemical and biological defense solutions, to conduct much needed and critical research, development and demonstration activities that they are equipped to safely execute.

#### Maryland Legislative Change to Support the Combat Capabilities Development Command's Chemical Biological Center (DEVCOM CBC) Mission.

**BACKGROUND:** About 30 years ago, Maryland enacted statutes to protect the environment during the destruction of large quantities of chemical agents stored at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG). The U.S. has since destroyed its large chemical agent stockpile; however, **the threat of chemical and biological weapons remains and based on recent events, become more likely**. The Maryland law enacted in the early 1990s, was widely supported and was effective at that time. Today however, circumstances and the global threat have drastically changed. Maryland must continue its commitment to environmental protection while recognizing that APG faces ever-evolving threats. These threats must be addressed to safeguard our armed forces, first responders, and the nation.

APG's mission has evolved to tackle these new threats, focusing on studying and implementing technologies to mitigate them. **Their objective is clear: protect our troops and ensure national defense.** As chemical and biological weapons continually evolve, APG's critical services must be performed without delay. **Our warfighters, first responders, and armed forces require that this work be completed swiftly**. To achieve this, the MDRC proposes updating the current legislative language, to be introduced on January 29, 2025, as Senate Bill 253/House Bill 62.

THE GOAL: DEVCOM CBC is the nation's premier provider of innovative chemical and biological defense solutions. Its unparalleled role in technology development cannot be replicated elsewhere in the U.S. CBC fosters research, development, testing, and the application of technologies to protect warfighters, first responders, and the nation from chemical and biological threats. Additionally, CBC's unique engineering expertise accelerates the design, prototyping, and fielding of protective equipment. It maintains robust capabilities to identify, remove, and destroy recovered chemical and biological materials.

Employing Army military personnel, civilians, and contractors, CBC possesses the scientific, engineering, and operational skills needed for mission success. The proposed legislation calls for a modest change in Maryland law to allow the development and demonstration of new thermal treatment technologies. This change will

enhance our nation's ability to protect our warfighters, allies, and the homeland from chemical weapons while also ensuring protective measures and safeguarding human health and the environment in Maryland.

CBC is the Department of Defense's designated organization for the research, development, and demonstration of technologies to destroy chemical and biological warfare materials including new and novel thermal treatment technologies. The 1993 Maryland statute did not anticipate rapid changes in material development and the emerging and ever evolving threat. Current Maryland law must be updated to allow the research, development, and demonstration of new technologies using small quantities of chemical agents to counter these emerging threats.

We urge you to show your support for all U.S. warfighters, in fields of conflict around the world, by enacting Senate Bill 253/House Bill 62

HB 62 - MDRC - FAV.pdf Uploaded by: Tom Albro Position: FAV

# Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC) 191 Main Street, Suite 310 Annapolis, MD 21401



January 27, 2025





The Honorable Marc Korman, Chair Environment and Transportation Committee 250 Taylor House Office Building Annapolis, Maryland 21401

RE: House Bill 62 - Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material Requirements - **FAVORABLE** 

Dear Chairman Korman and Members of the Committee,



























My name is Tom Albro, and I currently serve as the Chairman of the Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC). I am also a former President of the Army Alliance and former U.S. Army Chemical Officer.

Both the Army Alliance and the MDRC support the overall mission of the Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) and both organizations are advocating for House Bill 62. The language change in this bill is necessary for the United States Army to continue to explore new and innovative chemical and biological defense technologies, in order to protect both our warfighters and the security interests of our nation. During the past 100 years, Aberdeen Proving Ground has grown to become the primary focus of research and development for the United States Army. APG is one of several military installations in Maryland that are vital instruments of our nation's defense. It also provides a significant benefit to the economy of the State of Maryland. House Bill 62 addresses the need to modernize Maryland public policy in our environmental laws, in recognition of the evolving mission of APG for our national defense.

Approximately 30 years ago, Maryland enacted a series of statutes intended to protect our environment during the necessary process of the destruction of large quantities of chemical agent stored at APG. The U.S. no longer has large stockpiles of the chemical weapons that were created during the early part of the 20th century but the threat of chemical weapons has not diminished. The Maryland law enacted in the early 1990s had the support of all interested parties, and it has worked well. Today, however, both the times and the circumstances have changed dramatically. Maryland must honor its commitment to protect the environment, and also recognize that APG is dealing with different chemical and biological weapons threats.

The mission of APG has evolved to contemplate new chemical and biological threats to our warfighters and our nation. APG is charged with studying these new threats and developing means and technologies to mitigate those threats. Their goal is straightforward: to protect our troops and assure our national defense.

Chemical and biological weapons are constantly evolving threat; therefore, it is necessary that APG's vital services be performed without delay. Our warfighters and our forces deployed across the world need this critical research, development and demonstration to be accomplished as quickly as possible.

As a practical matter, the hazardous materials required to conduct studies at APG today are in significantly smaller quantities than those the current legislation addressed. Therefore, the requirements of current Maryland law, which were intended to apply to the destruction of large quantities of chemical weapons, are not applicable to the research, development or demonstration of technologies using significantly smaller quantities of chemical agents.

House Bill 62 preserves the current statutory framework for its historic mission of destroying hazardous materials in large quantities, while making a limited exception to these requirements for the evaluation of destruction technologies if done only for research, development or demonstration purposes.

The MDRC supports this modest change in Maryland law. Because of APG's exceptional health and safety record, we are confident that the Army will conduct these activities with the safety of employees, the local community and the environment, foremost among its concerns.

For these reasons, we respectfully request a favorable report on House Bill 62.

Sincerely,

The Sala-

Thomas G. Albro, Chairman Maryland Defense Research Coalition

cc: The Honorable J.B. Jennings Bryson Popham, Bryson F. Popham, P.A. Joan Smith, MDRC Executive Director

# **MD Legislature 1-page fact sheet\_.pdf** Uploaded by: Tom Albro

Position: FAV

# Maryland Defense Research THE UNIQUE PEOPLE, FACILITIES & Coalition (MDRC) CAPABILITIES AT ABERDEEN PROVING GROUNDS CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL CENTER CBC'S SPECIALIZED WORKFORCE

CBC's highly specialized and certified workforce has an unmatched level of expertise in the chemical biological assessment, destruction, recovery, and remediation space.

Program Management and Logistics 

Management of resources and personnel

· Partnerships with government, industry and academia

Operational Equipment and Mechanics •

- Material handling equipment, i.e., cranes, forklifts, excavators
- Industrial mechanics, i.e., HVAC, pumps, motors, electrical
- Trade skills, i.e., plumbing, carpentry, construction
- Transportation

CBC's employees average 20+ years of experience and are cross-trained to meet essential project needs.

# **CBC'S SPECIALIZED CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL (C/B) DEFENSE FACILITIES**



# **Prototype Detonation Test & Destruction Facility (PDTDF)**

The PDTDF is capable of testing C/B destruction technologies, while providing air containment for man-portable to heavy transportable systems. The PDTDF has conducted defense operations using 60+ lbs. of explosives. Safety features include a blast chamber, containment chamber, and cascade ventilation systems.



Single Small-Scale Facility (SSSF)

The SSSF is designated under the Chemical Weapons Convention as the repository for the U.S. research and development stock of toxic chemical agents. The SSSF is the only location in the U.S. where more than 10g of chemical agent is permitted to be stored. These chemical agents are used to conduct defense research and development for the DOD, which is imperative to maintaining an effective C/B defense posture against global threats and actors.

# **CBC'S SAFETY RECORD**

CBC's OSHA recordable rate is 0.4. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) average for what CBC's category is 6.3, making **CBC safety rating 15.75 better then their industry average for recordable injuries**. CBC's Lost time rate is 0.3. The NAICS in their category is 3.6, making **CBC safety rating 12 times better then their industry average in lost time incidences**.

CBC's safety record proves that members of their workforce are safer than workers in the average florist shop and their quantitative safety metrics are on par with working at a bank or insurance office. This is achieved by a well-trained workforce that operates in highly toxic chemical and biological agent environments almost every day of the year.





**Research Design and Method Development** 

**Environmental Sampling and Analysis** 

Chemical and Biological Agent Handling

Equipment calibration
Test design and study parameters

Air monitoring

Quality assurance standards
 Agent concentration verification
 Filter and Environmental Enclosure Testing

Water and sediment sampling
Mobile and fixed laboratory analysis

· Personnel protective equipment

· Destruction system operations

· Agent synthesis

· Personnel decontamination stations

· Building/equipment decontamination

## **THE UNIQUE PEOPLE, FACILITIES & Maryland Defense Research CAPABILITIES AT ABERDEEN PROVING GROUNDS Coalition (MDRC) BIOLOGICAL CENTER** CBC'S LAYERS OF PROTECTION OPERATION DIR H **Example: PDTDF Facility** Continuous air monitoring locations Air drawn in Air is drawn through the Chemical Agent Filter System Air drawn in Test Air drawn in Equipment **Pre-Filter Pre-Filter** Set-up The outer chamber **HEPA Filter HEPA Filter** is equipped The PDTDF inner blast w/ steel plate chamber is built w/ 12" thick **Carbon Filter Carbon Filter** PDTDF building covering reinforced reinforced concrete walls, is reinforced floors and ceilings concrete walls, concrete walls, floors and ceilings Carbon Filter Carbon Filter floors and ceilings **HEPA Filter HEPA Filter** Chemical agent filtration systems remove any contaminates by forcing the chamber's air to exit through the filters, preventing any backflow or

the chamber's air to exit through the filters, preventing any backflow or cross-contamination. The chemical agent filtration system is continuously monitored to ensure no releases to the environment occur.

Filters operate on grid power but have back-up generator power to ensure continuous operation

Air monitoring is performed at the OSHA worker protection level, where an unmasked CBC employee can safely work 8 hours a day, 5 days a week, 50 weeks a year for 30-years without health effects

# **CBC'S SPECIALIZED CONTINUOUS AIR MONTITORING SYSTEMS**

|  | Miniature Continuous<br>Air Monitoring | Depot Area<br>Air Monitoring  | AFERTER A   |
|--|--|---|-------------|
|  | System (MINICAMS)                      | System (DAAMS)  |             |
|  | Automatic air monitoring system        | Portable air-sampling technology,<br>designed to draw air through a<br>glass sorbent collection tube.               | 2 2 2       |
| that collects chemical compounds<br>from the air and analyzes them |  | As the air is passed through the sorbent tube, any agent is collected. After sampling, the tube is removed from the |             |
|  |  | vacuum line and analyzed at CBC's accredited  |             |
|  |  | environmental monitoring laboratory. The purpose of   |             |
|  |  | DAAMS confirmation samples is to confirm (MINICAMS) alarm.  | or refute a |

If a technology is expected to operate for extended periods, an EPA air emissions performance test is performed using to evaluate all potential hazardous air constituents (metals, organics, PCBs, dioxins/furans, etc.) against human health and ecological risk standards.

Maryland Defense Research Coalition (MDRC)

Tom Albero talbero@comcast.net (410) 336-0471 Questions or Comments

Joan Smith JSmith@papalaw.com (410) 268-6871

Bryson Popham Bpopham@papalaw.com (410) 268-6871

# HB 62\_CHS Facility Permit\_Support.pdf Uploaded by: Jennifer LaHatte

Position: FWA



Wes Moore | Governor Aruna Miller | Lt. Governor Kevin Anderson | Secretary of Commerce

| DATE:              | January 29, 2025   |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>BILL NO:</b>    | House Bill 62  |
| <b>BILL TITLE:</b> | Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - |
|                    | Chemical Warfare Material Requirements                                 |
| <b>COMMITTEE:</b>  | House Environment and Transportation Committee                         |
| <b>POSITION:</b>   | Support with amendment   |

House Bill 62 modifies language in the Environment Article to provide exemptions from certain statutory restrictions on the incineration of chemical warfare material **only if** the incineration is done for research, development, or demonstration purposes at a research facility as designated by the U.S. Department of Defense (DoD). This legislation provides a solution to an issue noted by DoD that the current statute prevents the United States from being able to develop field-deployable technologies capable of destroying chemical weapons once recovered from enemies due to the data required in order to obtain a permit.

Commerce would like to note that the bill as introduced needs to be amended to correct what appeared to be a technical re-ordering of what is currently the new (a) under 7-239.3, but could have unintended consequences regarding what is considered to be a controlled hazardous substance (CHS) for the purposes of regulations adopted by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE). Commerce has attached draft amendment language which will not alter the intent of the bill and will ensure MDE is able to uniformly apply CHS-related regulations.

The existing statute dates to 1993 when the U.S. Chemical Stockpile Elimination Program was planning the destruction of chemical weapon stockpiles stored in nine locations around the U.S., including 1,818 mustard-filled ton containers at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG). The language was written to ensure the Army had sufficient technical data and performed necessary emergency response planning with the local communities to facilitate the safe incineration of APG's stockpile. The Army instead decided in 1998 to use chemical neutralization in lieu of incineration to destroy APG's stockpile. This effort was completed in 2006.

Under the current National Defense Strategy, the DoD considers the acceleration of research, development, prototyping, and testing of new capabilities, to include Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) defense technologies, a national defense priority due to its critical role in protecting our warfighters. To protect United States citizens and troops as well as our allies, the DoD must equip U.S. troops with the capability to defeat, disable, or destroy WMD in the field. To create such capabilities, extensive DoD research and development efforts must first take place.

APG-Edgewood Area is home to the U.S. Army Chemical Biological Center (CBC) and its Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, and Explosives (CBRNE) partners. The facility is a national asset for the research, development and demonstration of technologies to defend our nation against and combat chemical and biological warfare threats. APG is the world's leader in countering threats from chemical weapons, and it is CBC's mission to provide innovative support to identify and develop technologies for use by the civilian industrial base and warfighters that defeat, disable and/or dispose of chemical weapons.

Environment Article §7-239.1 to 7-239.4 made sense for the U.S. stockpile disposal mission in 1993, however, it understandably did not consider the potentially evolving needs of the nation over time. Many of the restrictions in the law have no practical applicability to current development and testing of new thermal destruction technologies but continue to hinder the innovation process to empower our Armed Forces. CBC is evaluating at least four new thermal destruction technologies to support warfighters' requirements to destroy chemical and biological agents in tactical environments; these evaluations are at risk for delay due to the permitting requirements. The current licensing process prohibits such activity, as it requires prospective permittees to supply extensive amounts of data that are not available for the novel technologies proposed. House Bill 62 makes minor updates to the statute to ensure this research can be done, while also ensuring permitting and regulatory protections stay in place.

The U.S. Army CBC possesses unique engineering expertise to accelerate the design, prototyping and fielding of chemical agent destruction solutions, and it maintains a robust field capability to identify, remove, and destroy recovered chemical materials. CBC has robust test facilities and environmental and safety programs to support chemical agent treatment testing. The Center has a long-demonstrated history of performing safe and environmentally compliant chemical agent operations, including the destruction of Syria's declared chemical stockpile, operation of the United States' single small-scale facility, and numerous development and testing efforts of chemical weapons destruction technologies. **APG is unique as it possesses our nation's single small-scale facility, designated under the Chemical Weapons Convention as the only place in the country where chemical agents can be synthesized and stored at the quantities needed for defense research, development and testing programs.** 

CBC conducts chemical agent laboratory operations daily in accredited labs that are compliant with independent quality assurance programs and participate in quality system audits. Their chemical agent defense test facilities, located on the remote test ranges at Edgewood, operate under a "layers of protection" model that never relies on a single means to protect people and the environment. This layer of protection model has a proven track record at CBC. In 2023, CBC had an OSHA Recordable Incident Rate of 0.4, well below the North American Industry Classification System average of 6.3.

For more than a century CBC and its forerunner organizations at APG have demonstrated the ability to perform chemical agent operations with robust environmental and safety programs to protect the workforce, the community and the environment. Research on new technologies will produce systems and procedures to destroy or remediate chemical agents and weapons in a safer, more expedient, and less costly manner.

Commerce respectfully requests a favorable report with amendment on House Bill 62.

## AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 62 (First Reading File Bill)

## AMENDMENT NO.1

On page 3, strike lines 8 through line 10, inclusively, on line 11 revert the proposed new (b) to be (a), new (c) to be (b), and substitute:

## (B) SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO THE INCINERATION OF CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS AT A RESEARCH FACILITY IF THE INCINERATION IS DONE FOR RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, OR DEMONSTRATION PURPOSES.

**Explanation:** This amendment corrects a technical error in the drafting of the bill and ensures MDE is able enforce all relevant regulations regarding controlled hazardous substances and to avoid creating any conflict with the federal hazardous waste regulatory program (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Subtitle C).

# HB0062 Testimony - Andrew Hinz.pdf Uploaded by: Andrew Hinz Position: UNF

Testimony Opposing HB0062 January 27, 2025

Andrew Hinz 1427 Park Avenue Baltimore, Maryland 21217 <u>ahinz61@outlook.com</u> 443-617-4079

Position: OPPOSE

Members,

ANY incineration activity in our State and communities MUST comply with Federal and State pollution standards, achieve a removal efficiency of >99.9%, inform and protect areas at risk from worst case scenario releases, be undertaken only as a no-other-choice alternative, be operated transparently, and be maintained and decommissioned responsibly.

Exceptions to any of these mandatory requirements most certainly must NOT be legislated, but must only be project-specific after thorough public engagement, review, and acceptance; narrow and time-constrained; and overwhelmingly supported by factual evidence.

# HB0062\_UNF\_MedChi\_Chemical Warfare Material Requir Uploaded by: Ashton DeLong

Position: UNF



The Maryland State Medical Society 1211 Cathedral Street Baltimore, MD 21201-5516 410.539.0872 Fax: 410.547.0915 1.800.492.1056 www.medchi.org

## House Environment and Transportation Committee January 29, 2025 House Bill 62 – Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements POSITION: OPPOSE – LETTER OF CONCERN

The Maryland State Medical Society (MedChi), the largest physician organization in Maryland, opposes House Bill 62, legislation which exempts the incineration of chemical warfare materials from the requirements under a controlled hazardous substance facility permit if the incineration is done for research, development, or demonstration purposes. We understand that this bill is intended to facilitate research and development activities and the resulting incineration of chemical warfare materials at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG).

MedChi, of course, supports the elimination of chemical weaponry and the need for our military to conduct research that is important to national security. However, we are concerned that there is insufficient information and too many questions to support changing a long-standing statute intended to protect public health and the environment. The incineration of chemical warfare materials can potentially release harmful toxins into the surrounding air of a densely populated area. There is a documented history of Maryland residents opposing plans to incinerate chemical warfare materials at APG dating back to the 1990s at the time when the U.S. Military sought its chemical weapon stockpile. The community's concerns about the public health and environmental impacts of incineration at APG resulted in the Army using neutralization rather than incineration to eliminate chemical weapons.

Some of the questions MedChi believes must be satisfactorily addressed before the General Assembly approves the proposed legislation include:

- What are plans to protect persons in the most significant areas at risk from a release of a worst-case scenario?
- Will such plans be presented publicly to residents and local and State governments?
- Will the public and/or appropriate government agencies be informed about the type and quantity of materials to be incinerated?
- Have safer alternatives to incineration been considered? Have less densely populated areas been considered for these activities?
- Have the appropriate Army officials informed the Maryland Department of Health and the Department of the Environment on incineration plans at APG?

• Are there transparency measures in place to inform the public about incinerated materials and monitor data about these activities?

As currently drafted, so long as the Army and Department of Defense classify activities as "research and development," there is a seeming carte blanche to incinerate chemical materials, perhaps putting Maryland residents at risk. Furthermore, the legislation contains no sunset date, meaning this significant change is being made in perpetuity. We caution that the General Assembly should not remove all safety guardrails before addressing critical questions and adopting transparency measures on this important issue.

Unless and until the concerns raised in this letter are addressed, we urge an unfavorable report on House Bill 62.

**For more information call**: Ashton DeLong General Counsel

# HB0062-Controlled Haz Substance Facility Permit-UN Uploaded by: Elizabeth Law

Position: UNF

| BILL NUMBER:  | House Bill 0062<br>Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research<br>Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements |
|---------------|---|
| COMMITTEE:    | House Environment and Transportation Committee  |
| HEARING DATE: | January 29, 2025  |
| SPONSOR:      | Chair, Environment and Transportation Committee (By Request – Departmental – Commerce)  |
| POSITION:     | Unfavorable   |

Chair Marc Korman, Vice Chair Regina T. Boyce and Members of the Environment and Transportation Committee,

I am deeply concerned that this bill will give the Army a pass on following the prescribed safety measures in the existing legislation. The Fiscal and Policy Note mentions that the MDE is uncertain how it might ensure proper oversight if this Bill is passed. So am I.

For seven years I have been a member of the Ft. Detrick Restoration Advisory Board (RAB). As part of CERCLA law the RAB was formed to provide transparency to local citizens regarding Ft. Detrick's mitigation of toxic substances. Area B was the depository of waste from weapons of mass destruction <u>research activities</u>. Much of the waste was incinerated prior to burial. Nevertheless, inappropriate handling and recording resulted in such concern of damage to the health of the local population that the site declared a National Priorities List (NPL) Superfund Site.

Maryland has some twenty NPL Superfund Sites, including Aberdeen Proving Grounds.

U.S. Military sites have a long history of acting in the interests of expediency. Later these activities lead to harm to the health of local residents, including cancer and birth defects.

I am opposed to this bill unless there is a more fulsome description of the following:

- What is so onerous to the Army about the present regulations that new legislation exempting the Army is required?
- What is the regimen that will replace the current requirements?
- If MDE's oversight role is diminished, is the EPA's role strengthened?
- Does this bill affect transparency and public information?
- What is the duration of the research? Research can go on for years and research projects can spin off the first project continuously.
- Are there going to be contractual agencies that are going to handle this research? If so what are their qualifications?

- What is the MDE's authority to terminate the research?
- How close will the research facilities be to densely populated areas, such as Wilmington Delaware, which would be affected by the westerly winds?
- What alert or alarms would be in place to warn the populace?
- Would the emissions be affected by weather conditions? Would the research be shut down in times of high winds or temperature inversions?
- Will there be monitoring of the Chesapeake Bay to see if these toxins are falling into the Bay?
- Will there be increased monitoring of the Aberdeen Proving Ground wildlife area?

The current legislation provides specified measures to ensure the public's safety. Please let the legislation stand as it is and return a decision of Unfavorable to HB 0062.

Thank you, Elizabeth J. Law Ft. Detrick RAB Member 1758 Wheyfield Dr. Frederick, Maryland 21701

HB 62 testimony.pdf Uploaded by: Gwen DuBois Position: UNF



Committee: Environment and Transportation

Testimony on: HB62-Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements

Position: Unfavorable

Hearing Date: January 29, 2025

Chesapeake Physicians for Social Responsibility (CPSR) is a statewide evidence-based organization of over 900 physicians and other health professionals and supporters that addresses existential public health threats: nuclear weapons, the climate crisis, and the issues of pollution and toxic effects on health, as seen through the intersectional lens of environmental, racial and social justice.

Chesapeake Physicians for Social Responsibility OPPOSES HB62 in the strongest possible terms. This bill seeks to amend existing law so as to exempt from current permitting requirements chemical warfare materials incinerated at a Department of Defense (DOD) "research facility" if the DOD states that the incineration is done for "research, development, or demonstration" purposes. People in Maryland successfully opposed the incineration of chemical weapons at Edgewood Arsenal/ Aberdeen Proving Ground back in the 1990's.<sup>1</sup> Located in a densely populated part of the State. they demanded consideration of alternative ways to destroy this dangerous material that needed to be destroyed by international law. They were successful and the Army agreed to neutralization rather than incineration after a national panel agreed that would be satisfactory for the waste at Aberdeen. That work was completed in 2006.<sup>2</sup> Scientists later used neutralization to rid the world of Syria's deadly saran gas out at sea and without incineration. The Army announced in 2023 that it had completed destruction of all chemical weapon stockpiles.<sup>3</sup>

Why we must ask is this bill being put forward that would allow incineration of chemical weapons waste in Maryland which is dangerous and some of which is carcinogenic,<sup>4</sup> to resume without safety regulations? Some of the exemptions include:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>. <u>https://www.baltimoresun.com/1994/02/06/panel-endorses-alternative-to-incinerator-at-aberdeen-2/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>https://www.peoacwa.army.mil/2024/10/10/facts-u-s-chemical-demilitarization-program-overview/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>s/Release/Article/3451920/us-completes-chemical-weapons-stockpile-destruction-operations/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://mgaleg.maryland.gov/2025RS/bills/hb/hb0062F.pdf

A. Complying with Federal and State toxic air pollution standards

B. Achieving a destruction and removal efficiency of >99.9%

C. Developing a plan for protecting persons in the largest area at risk from a worst-case scenario release and

D. Presenting such a plan to the public and local effected governments

E. Considering safer alternatives to incineration as well as moving to a less populated disposal site to create less risk of release or harm

F. Monitoring data regularly, continuously, and reviewed by a qualified independent third party as well as reported to the Department of the Environment.

G. Specifying in the permit the quantity of material to be incinerated which cannot be modified,

H. Dismantling the facility according to state and federal standards once the permitted quantity of chemical weapons has been destroyed.

HB62 raises many alarming questions. Why is incineration even being considered now after APG completed destruction of all of its chemical warfare waste using neutralization, not incineration? Why should the legislature remove all safety guardrails on chemical warfare waste incineration in Maryland because it is for "research?" Who is behind this bill and why? If this research is done to figure out how to protect armed forces from a future attack, why does this involve unregulated incineration of dangerous chemical warfare waste, some of which is carcinogenic, in a heavily populated area like Harford County? What does this mean for any Marylander who happens to be downwind when the incineration is happening?

We need some transparency here before allowing a bill that could put Marylanders and the environment at risk without any apparent benefit. This bill should not proceed without answers to legislators and the public to the above questions. With these serious unanswered questions, and the potentially disastrous consequences of incinerating chemical warfare materials in close proximity to residential areas, we strongly OPPOSE HB62 and ask for an UNFAVORABLE report.

Gwen L. DuBois MD, MPH President - Chesapeake Physicians for Social Responsibility (CPSR) gdubois@jhsph.edu

# HB62 - Clean Water Action - Unfavorable.pdf Uploaded by: Jennifer Kunze

Position: UNF



## HB62 Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit – Research Facilities – Chemical Warfare Material Requirements Environment and Transportation Committee January 29, 2025

Position: Unfavorable

Dear Chair Korman and Members of the Committee,

Clean Water Action is deeply concerned by HB62 and urges you not to pass this legislation.

HB62 exempts the incineration of chemical warfare materials at a "research facility" from specific Maryland controlled hazardous substances statutory and regulatory requirements if the incineration is done for "research, development, and demonstration" purposes. Whether a facility is designated a "research facility" for these purposes is left to the discretion of the U.S. Department of Defense, with no further checks and balances on this designation. Particularly at a moment when fundamental federal environmental and safety regulations are at risk, and leadership of the U.S. Department of Defense is in question, eliminating state-level protections in favor of unchecked federal authority on this matter has great potential to damage the health and safety of Maryland residents.

Even if the legislation provided more safeguards on its applicability than simply U.S. Department of Defense designation, the exemption would increase risk to Maryland residents from chemical warfare disposal activities. This legislation would exempt incineration of chemical warfare waste for these purposes from a number of valuable regulatory protections, including requirements to:

- comply with Federal and State toxic air pollution standards.
- achieve a destruction and removal efficiency of >99.9%.
- develop a plan for protecting persons in the largest area at risk from a worst-case-scenario release.
- present such a plan to the public and local affected governments.
- consider safer alternatives to incineration less populated alternative disposal sites to create less risk of release or harm.
- monitor data regularly, continuously, and reviewed by a qualified independent third party as well as reported to the Department of the Environment.
- specify in the permit the quantity of material to be incinerated, which cannot be modified.

• dismantle the facility according to state and federal standards once the permitted quantity of chemical warfare waste has been destroyed.

The legislature should not remove these important safety guardrails on the incineration of chemical warfare waste. Maryland residents deserve to have proposals for "research, development, and demonstration" of chemical warfare waste thoroughly vetted; now is not the time to eliminate these guardrails in favor of federal discretion.

The legislature also should make sure it understands why this bill was introduced this year. A year and a half ago in July 2023, the U.S. Department of Defense <u>announced</u> that "the final munition in the nation's obsolete stockpile of chemical weapons has been safely destroyed – a disarmament milestone decades in the making." Why is HB62 being introduced this year? Does the Department of Defense have specific "research facility" proposals in mind at military bases like Aberdeen Proving Ground, Fort Detrick, or Indian Head Navy Base that could have reduced public scrutiny and transparency if this legislation passes, and what waste might be incinerated at such facilities? Residents near potential locations of "research facilities" for the incineration of chemical warfare waste deserve answers to these questions.

Please do not pass HB62, and press for transparency around any potential for "research facilities" for the incineration of chemical warfare waste that may have motivated the legislation.

Thank you,

Jennifer Kunze Maryland Organizing Director Clean Water Action jkunze@cleanwater.org

# HB0062\_Incineration of Chemical Warfare Materials\_

Uploaded by: Laurie McGilvray Position: UNF



# Committee:Environment and TransportationTestimony on:HB0062 - Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit -Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material RequirementsOrganization:Organization:Maryland Legislative Coalition Climate Justice WingSubmitting:Dave Arndt, Co-ChairPosition:UnfavorableHearing Date:January 27, 2025

Dear Mr. Chair and Committee Members:

Thank you for allowing our testimony today in opposition of HB0062. The Maryland Legislative Coalition Climate Justice Wing, a statewide coalition of nearly 30 grassroots and professional organizations, urges you to vote unfavorably on HB0062.

We are opposed to any new incinerator in Maryland because of the following:

**Health concerns:** Incinerators release pollutants into the air, water, and food supply, which can increase the risk of cancer, birth defects, and other health issues.

**Environmental impact:** Incinerators have a large carbon footprint and can undermine Maryland's greenhouse gas goals and efforts.

**Discrimination**: Incinerators often disproportionately impact Black, Hispanic and low-income communities.

HB0062 seeks to amend existing law regarding incineration of chemical warfare waste (CWW) exempting from current permitting requirements anything the Department of Defense labels "research, development, or demonstration." We must also ask why is this bill being put forward that would allow incineration of dangerous and in some cases carcinogenic chemical warfare wastes in Maryland<sup>1</sup> without safety regulations? Exemptions in the bill include:

- 1. Complying with Federal and State toxic air pollution standards,
- 2. Achieving a destruction and removal efficiency of >99.9%,
- 3. Developing a plan for protecting persons in the largest area at risk from a worst-case scenario release,
- 4. Presenting such a plan to the public and local affected governments,
- 5. Considering safer alternatives to incineration as well as moving to a less populated disposal site to create less risk of release or harm,
- 6. Monitoring data regularly, continuously, and reviewed by a qualified independent third party as well as reported to the Department of the Environment,

- 7. Specifying in the permit the quantity of material to be incinerated which cannot be modified, and
- 8. Dismantling the facility according to state and federal standards once the permitted quantity of CWW has been destroyed.

There is no justification for why incineration of chemical warfare waste is being requested or why any of the commonly used alternatives are not acceptable. We need significantly more and justification transparency before allowing a bill that could put Marylanders and the environment at risk without any apparent benefit to residents.

For these reasons, we strongly oppose HB0062 and urge an **UNFAVORABLE** report in Committee.

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Adat Shalom Climate Action Cedar Lane Unitarian Universalist Church Environmental Justice Ministry Chesapeake Earth Holders Chesapeake Physicians for Social Responsibility Climate Parents of Prince George's **Climate Reality Project** ClimateXChange - Rebuild Maryland Coalition Coming Clean Network, Union of Concerned Scientists DoTheMostGood Montgomery County Echotopia **Elders Climate Action** Fix Maryland Rail Glen Echo Heights Mobilization Greenbelt Climate Action Network **HoCoClimateAction** IndivisibleHoCoMD Maryland Legislative Coalition **Mobilize Frederick** Montgomery County Faith Alliance for Climate Solutions Montgomery Countryside Alliance Mountain Maryland Movement Nuclear Information & Resource Service **Progressive Maryland** Safe & Healthy Playing Fields Takoma Park Mobilization Environment Committee The Climate Mobilization MoCo Chapter Unitarian Universalist Legislative Ministry of Maryland WISE

11 https://mgaleg.maryland.gov/2025RS/bills/hb/hb0062F.pdf

HB0062:SB0253.1.pdf Uploaded by: Roberta Huber Position: UNF

I oppose the the approval to allow chemical warfare material to be burned under any circumstances.

In 1996, as a Congressional Fellow, I willingly and successfully worked on a Congressman's behalf to obtain several million dollars in federal funds to "safely" burn pentaborane gas. The compound was not useful as jet fuel and its corroded cylinders were not moveable. This was a highly volatile compound and was acutely toxic with exposure to water. The gas, in rusting cylinders, were kept outside.

Today, with knowledge I have gained as a listener to the Fort Detrick Restoration Advisory Board meetings and eventually a member, I would have worked to convince the Congressman to go another route.

I urge you not to change the existing processes. Please use neutralization processes as previously used. I urge you not to burn these materials and put the to public any risk.

Roberta Huber Frederick, MD rhuber12@aol.com

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Wes Moore, Governor · Aruna Miller, Lt. Governor · Laura Herrera Scott, M.D., M.P.H., Secretary

January 29, 2025

The Honorable Marc Korman Chair, Environment and Transportation Committee 250 Taylor House Office Building Annapolis, MD 21401

## Re: House Bill (HB) 62 - Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material Requirements - Letter of Information

Dear Chair Korman and Committee Members:

The Maryland Department of Health (MDH) respectfully submits this Letter of Information for House Bill (HB) 62 - Controlled Hazardous Substance Facility Permit - Research Facilities - Chemical Warfare Material Requirements.

Chemical weapons neutralization and destruction requires a significant amount of planning, adequate training, personal protective equipment, and medical/occupational health surveillance. As well as contingency planning for possible unusual conditions or events. The military and its contractors have experience and expertise in this area.

State and local emergency response personnel have expertise that should be utilized when research facilities conduct contingency planning for possible unusual conditions or events. Contingency planning, including timely notification procedures, should be trained and exercised with those who may respond to a given research facility during an emergency to ensure the health and safety of these individuals as well as the public.

If you would like to discuss this further, please do not hesitate to contact Sarah Case-Herron, Director of Governmental Affairs at <u>sarah.case-herron@maryland.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Laura Herrera Scott, MD, MPH Secretary