



MARYLAND
CATHOLIC
CONFERENCE

February 13, 2025

SB 648

Correctional Services – Medical Parole – Life Imprisonment

Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee

Position: FAVORABLE

The Maryland Catholic Conference offers this testimony in support of Senate Bill 648. The Catholic Conference is the public policy representative of the three (arch)dioceses serving Maryland, which together encompass over one million Marylanders. Statewide, their parishes, schools, hospitals and numerous charities combine to form our state’s second largest social service provider network, behind only our state government.

Senate Bill 648 would very simply expand access to medical parole for those serving life sentences. It would place within the purview of the parole commission to make the ultimate decision of granting medical parole to an inmate serving a life sentence.

The Catholic Church roots much of its social justice teaching in the inherent dignity of every human person and the principals of forgiveness, redemption and restoration. Catholic doctrine provides that the criminal justice system should serve three principal purposes: (1) the preservation and protection of the common good of society, (2) the restoration of public order, and (3) the restoration or conversion of the offender. Thus, the Church recognizes the importance of striking a balance between protecting the common good and attentiveness to the rehabilitation of the incarcerated.

The United States Conference of Catholic Bishops has stated the importance of systems of parole combined with a “clear commitment to rehabilitation programs within prisons”, lest states turn prisons into “warehouses where inmates grow old, without hope, their lives wasted.” (*Responsibility, Rehabilitation, and Restoration: A Catholic Perspective on Crime and Criminal Justice*, USCCB, 2000) Pope Francis has also expressly labeled life imprisonment a “hidden death penalty”. (*Address to the International Association of Penal Law*, Oct. 2014)

Those serving sentences of life without parole are already subject to a lessened sense of hope and, thus, a more limited prospect of a restored life outside of prison. There is thus less incentive for the restoration and rehabilitation that should be inherent in systems of justice. States should provide a greater degree of care for inmates who are elderly and/or suffering from debilitating medical conditions without access to proper care. This includes providing for their release to the community where warranted, especially where public safety is not a factor. Thus, the Maryland Catholic Conference urges a favorable report on Senate Bill 648.